

1000 YEAR-OLD DESIGN PATTERNS

Ulf Wiger
Erlang Solutions Ltd



INTERNATIONAL
SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT
CONFERENCE

gotocon.com

What this talk is about

- Exploring a perspective on SW design
 - Human patterns for concurrency
- A walk down Memory Lane
- No easy recipes



Movie Tips

- To plant my idea...
- A few movies will be recommended
- ...when they illustrate some aspect of this talk
- Try expensing them as “study of intuitive concurrency design patterns”



From Inception (2010) <http://www.imdb.com/title/tt1375666/>

Human cooperation is naturally concurrent

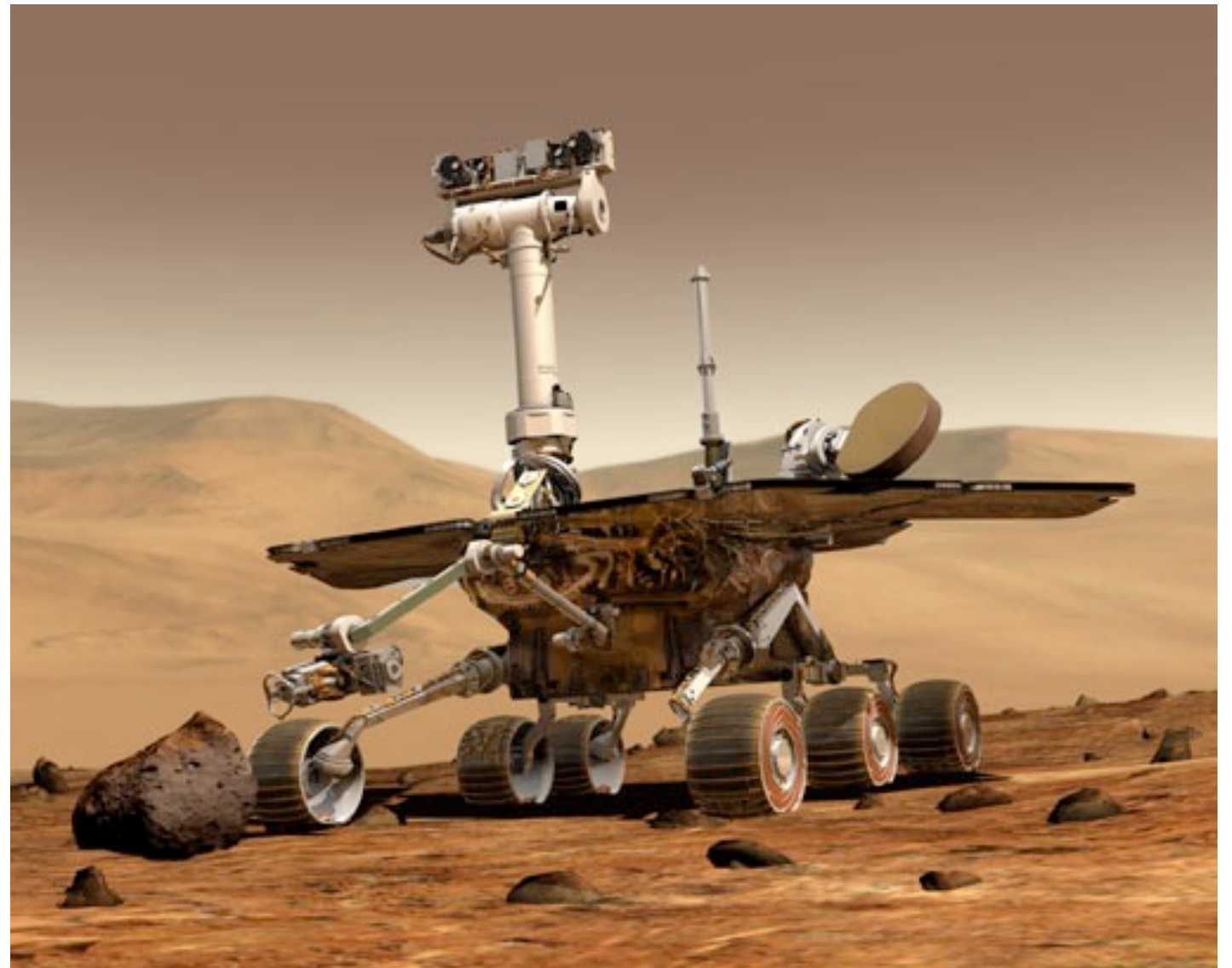
- All sorts of concurrency problems are common knowledge to humans
- Mitigation strategies have been explored for millennia
- Lots of coordination and supervision design patterns



<http://www.sassansanei.com/images/fullsize-trafficjam-640x480.jpg>

A problem...

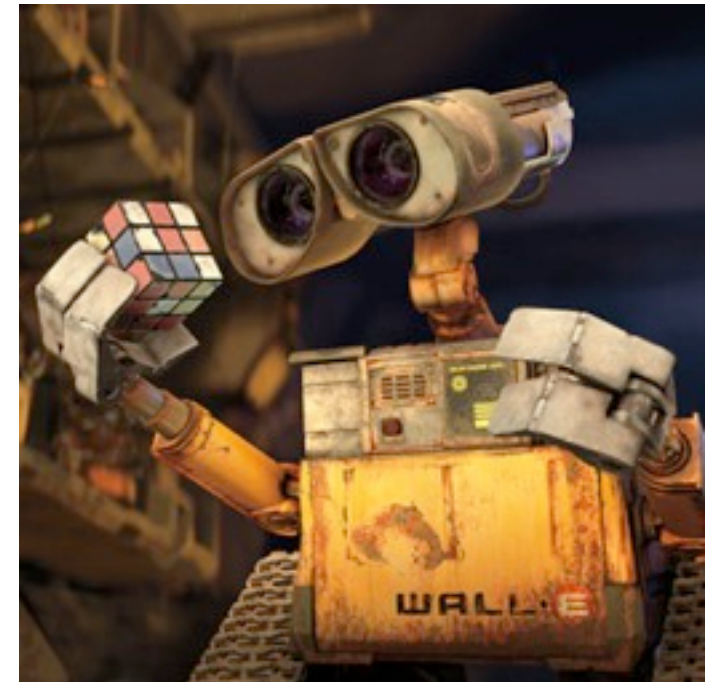
- Although humans document their algos,
- ...they do it for human consumption (S.O.P.s)
- Not for programmers
- Most research into "human algorithms" is about cognitive modeling (autonomous robots)



Mars Rover

Research into human protocol

- Collect examples of how humans solve cooperation problems
- Go to the movies!
- Observe real-life patterns; consider what could transfer to software systems



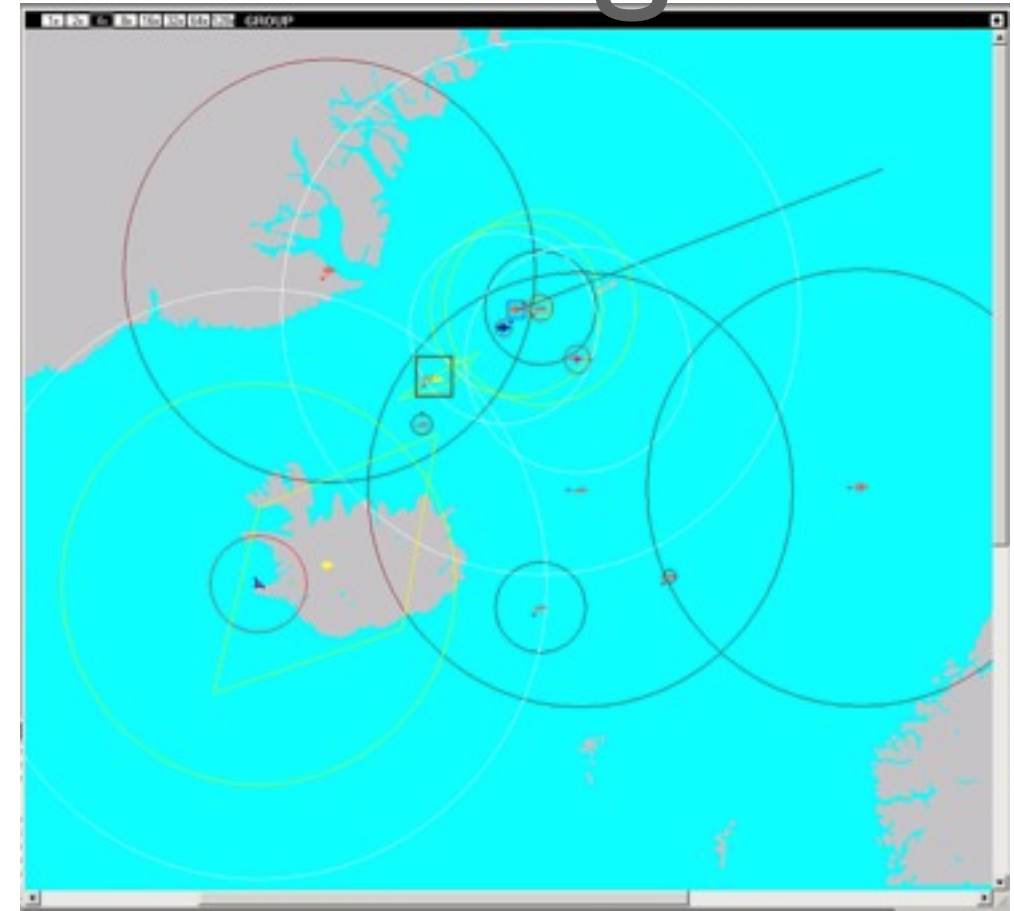
AC2SMAN - My formative years

- Alaskan Command & Control System Military Automated Network
- Built in 4 months by a fighter pilot from Memphis, and some geeks
- First ever “Overall Outstanding” rating given by NORAD 1989



The C² System Design Challenge

- Mission-critical
- Soft real-time
- Inconsistent data input
- Varying operating conditions
- Potentially global scale
- No single point of failure (40+ sites)
- Live, simulation and exercise – sometimes simultaneously



The Competition

- One project had a \$200M/year budget
- Desert Storm C2 system installation took 50K man-hours! (...!!!)
- (in our view) No alternative system came close to competing



The Secret?

- Keep the project small...
- Automate the existing workflow!
- Military C² goes way back...
 - Tsun Tzu, 500 B.C.
 - Julius Caesar, ca 50 B.C.
 - Genghis Khan, 1200s
 - von Clausewitz, 1800s



(Movie Tip)

- Crimson Tide (1995)
- Military command protocol
- Redundancy
- Fail-safes
- Byzantine Generals Problem
- Bully algorithm



<http://www.imdb.com/title/tt0112740/>

AC²SMAN Database issues

- Asynchronous, event-triggered replication
 - Across 40 sites
- No 2-phase commit – no conflicts “possible”
- Main challenge: full replication over a 19.2Kbps modem line
- Relational databases anno 1989 were simply non-starters

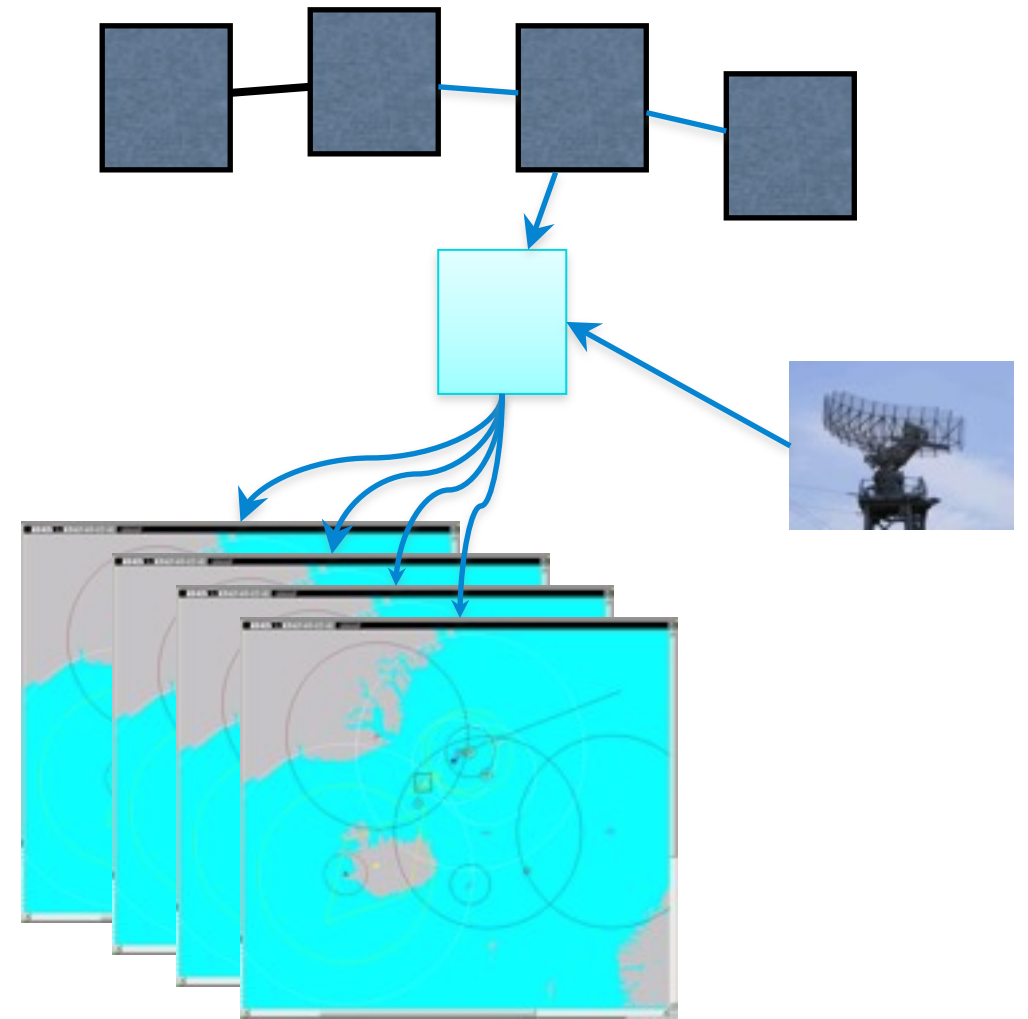
The failed alternative?

- Trying to use early-90s Distributed RDBMS technology
- This was the beginning of the hardships that led to the CAP Theorem
- The problem didn't call for an RDBMS
 - We're automating a workflow that's been around for millennia



The Feed Aggregation Problem

- Real-time subscription feed for tactical map workstations
- Messaging server was a big pile of C++ code
- Single point of failure
- Ran out of memory daily
- (Not due to programmer incompetence)



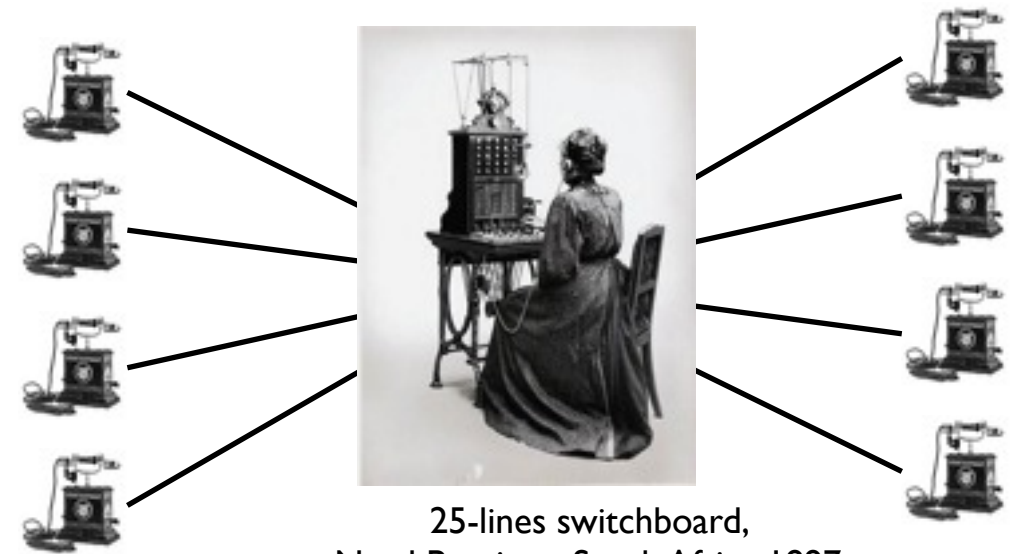
I was Searching for a Solution

- Tons of approaches evaluated
- CASE Tools, Client-Server middleware, AI middleware...
- Something suitable for a one-man development team



Eureka!

- Eventually landed in telecoms 1992
- "Computers in Telecommunications" course at KTH, Stockholm
- Teachers: **B Däcker, R Virding**
- Programming language: **Erlang**
- Erlang seemed to be a perfect fit!



25-lines switchboard,
Natal Province, South Africa 1897
Cross-switchboard calls required
human interaction.

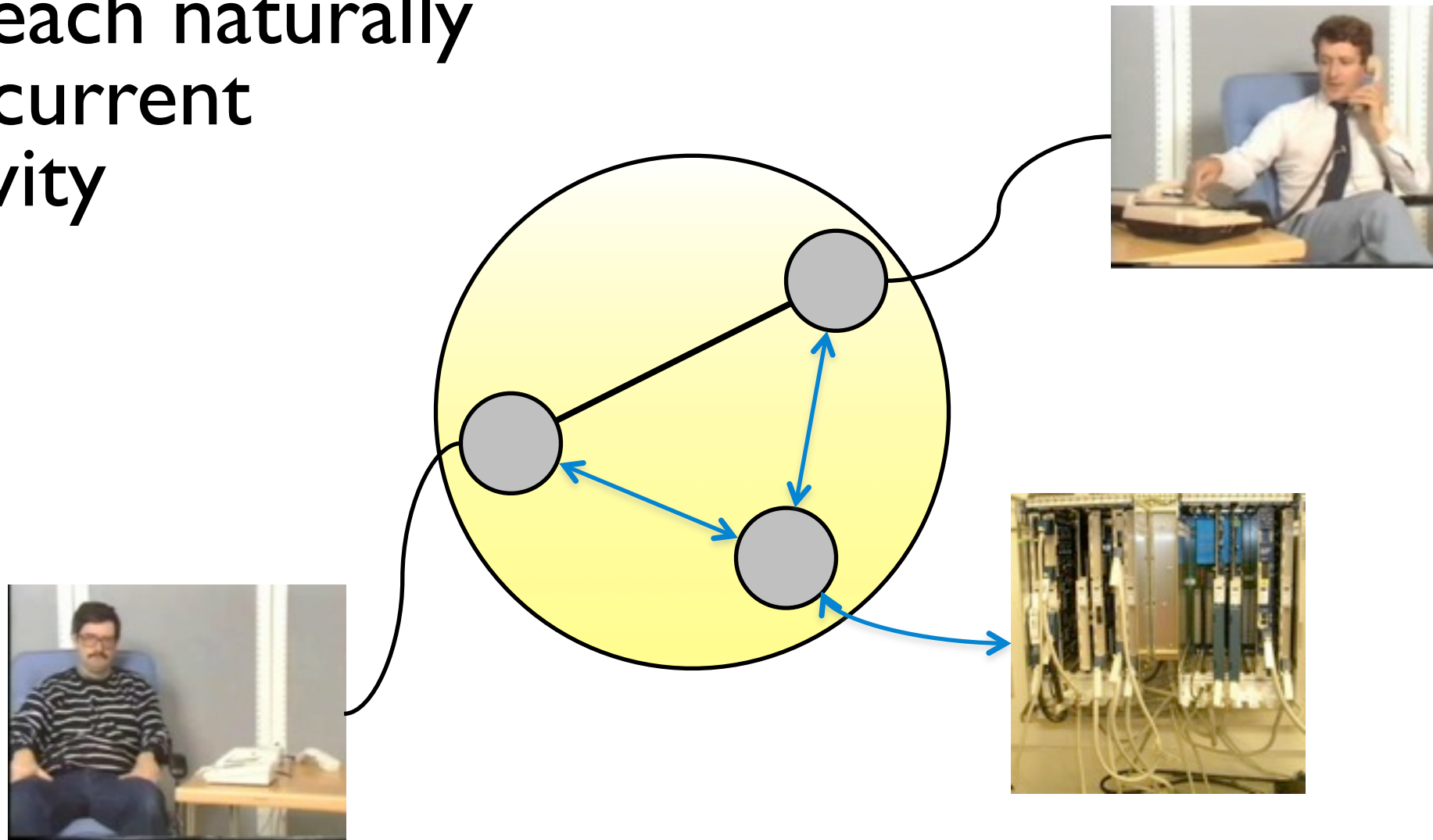
Erlang, Intuitively

<http://video.google.com/videoplay?docid=-5830318882717959520#>



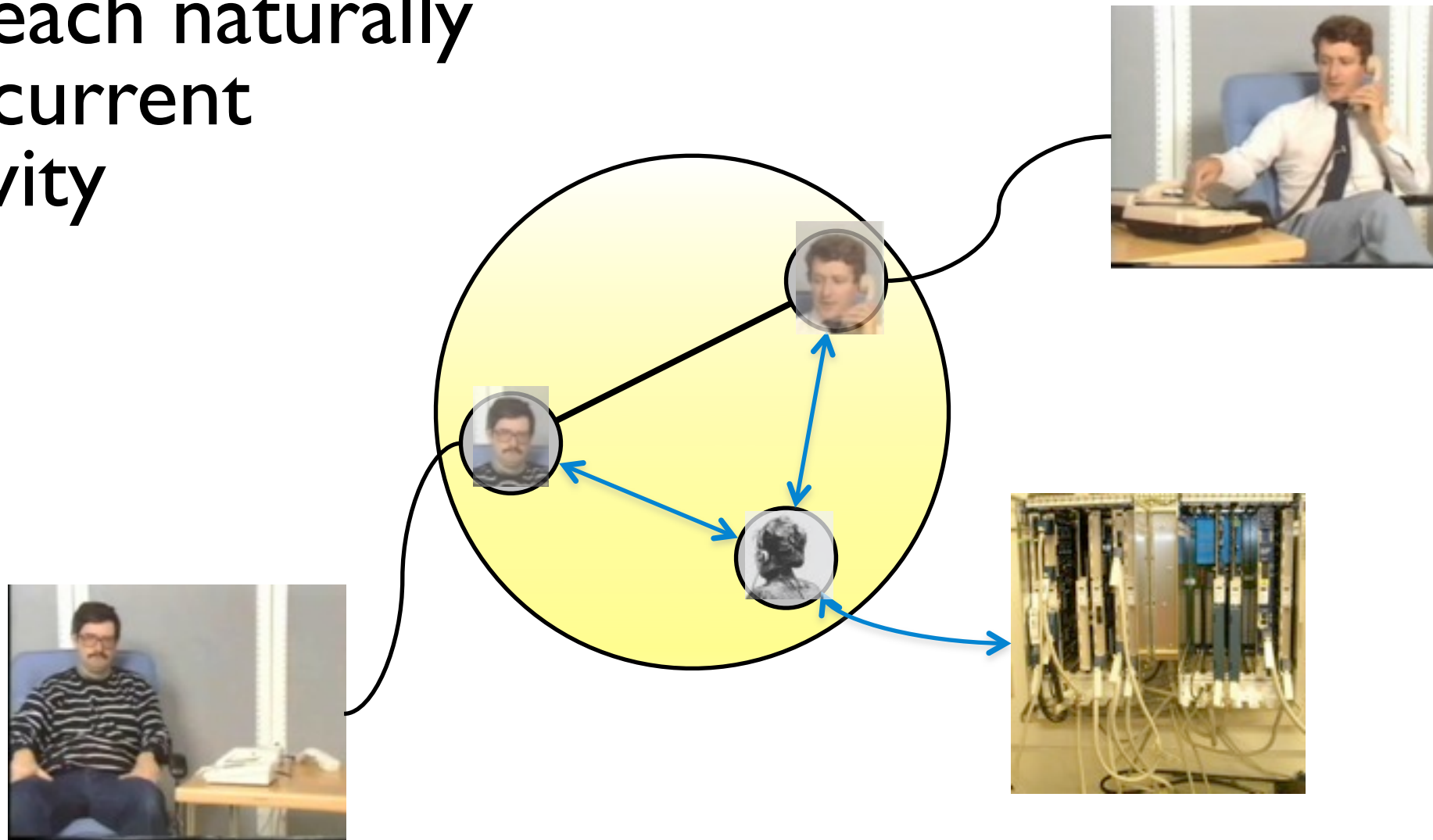
Erlang, Intuitively

- One concurrent process for each naturally concurrent activity

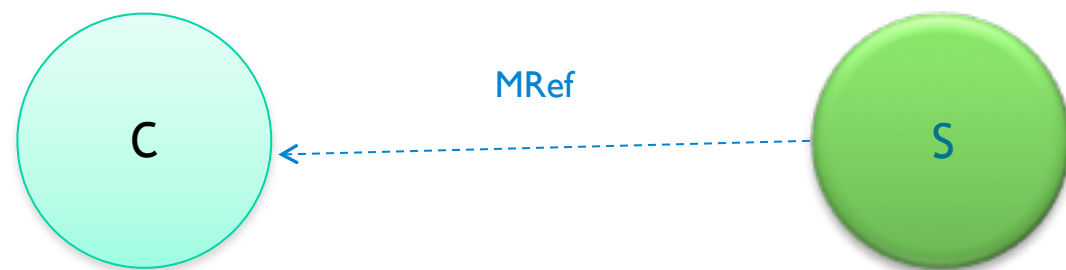


Erlang, Intuitively

- One concurrent process for each naturally concurrent activity



Client-server in Erlang



1 Client monitors server



2 Client sends a request

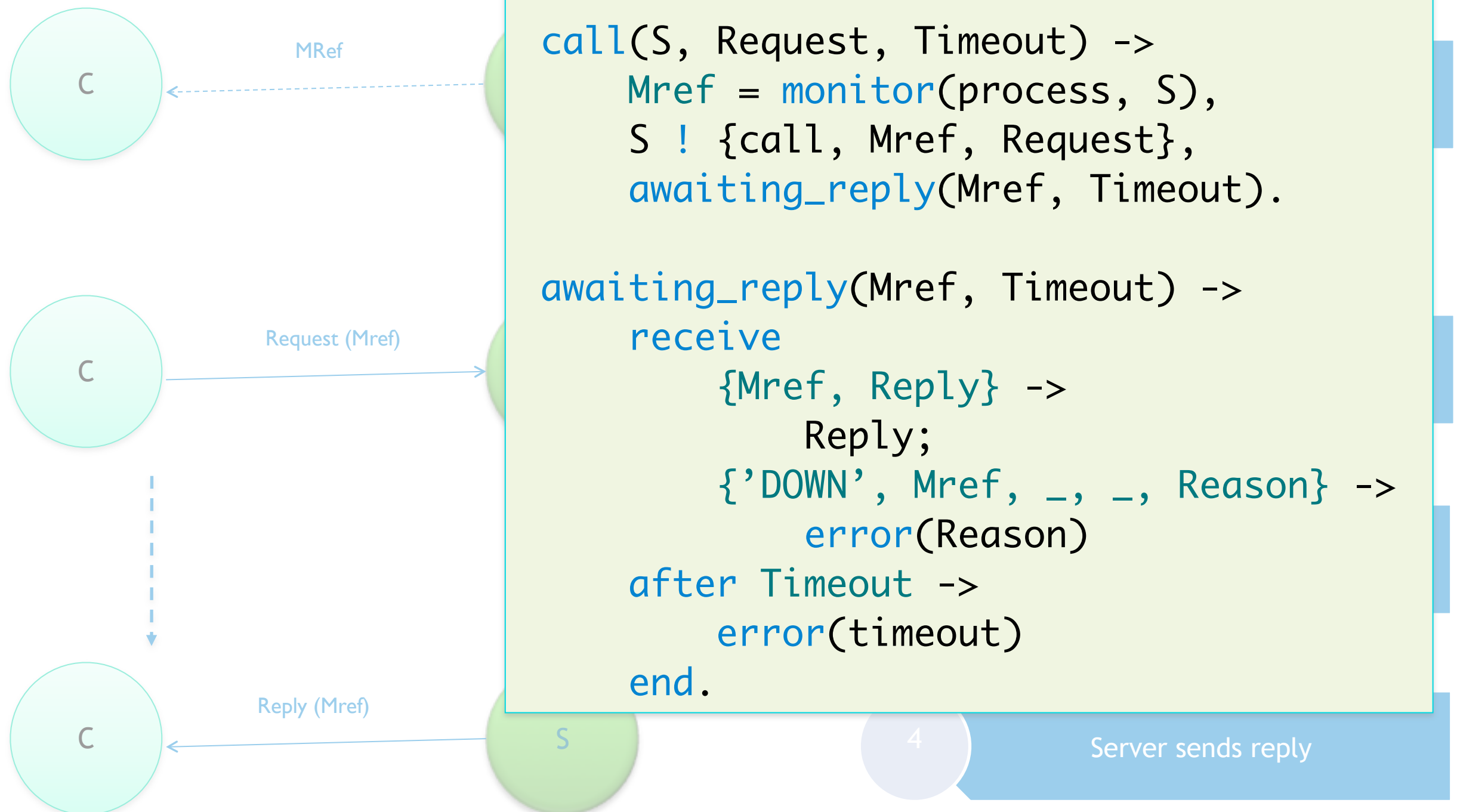


3 (Blocks while waiting)

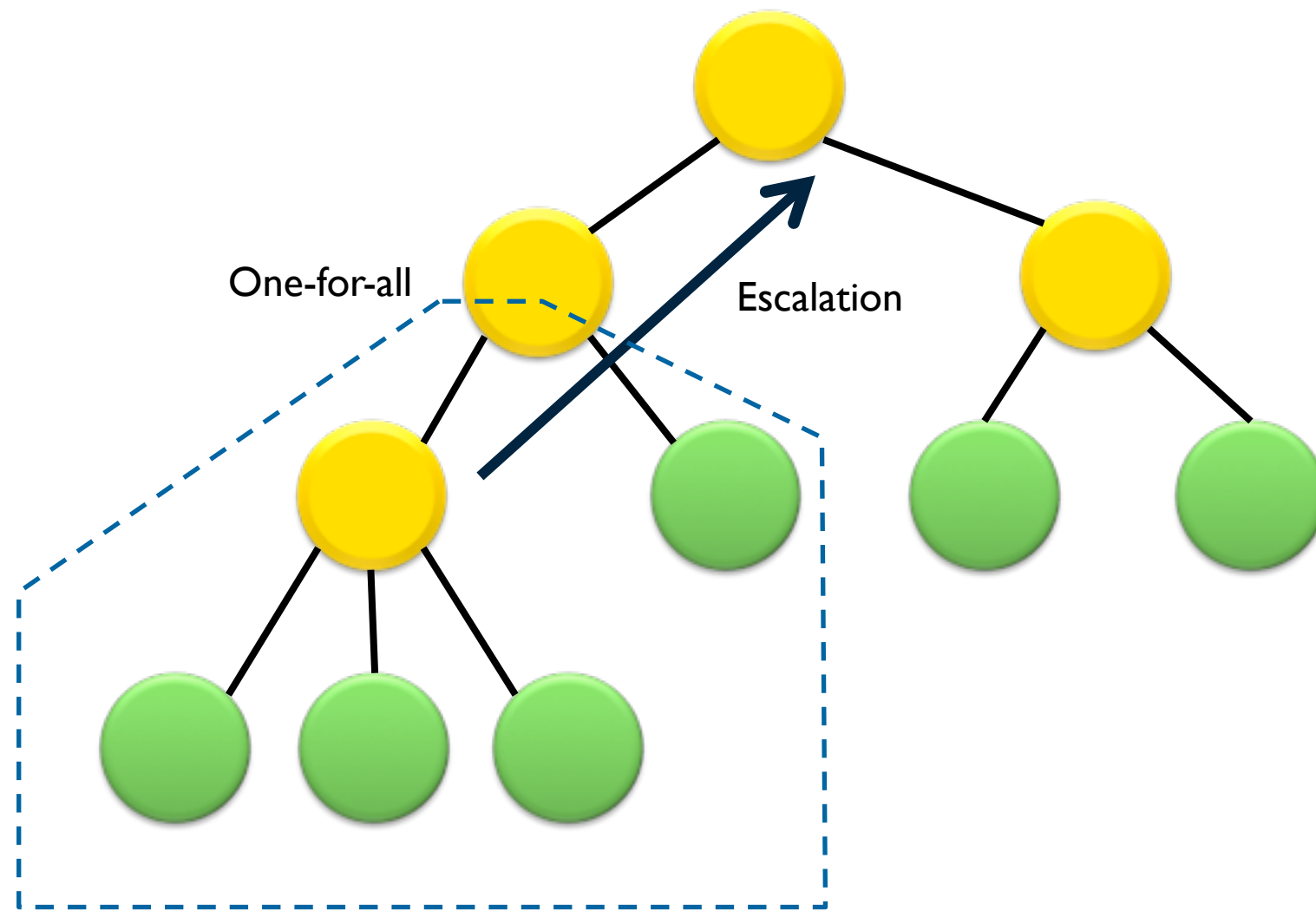


4 Server sends reply

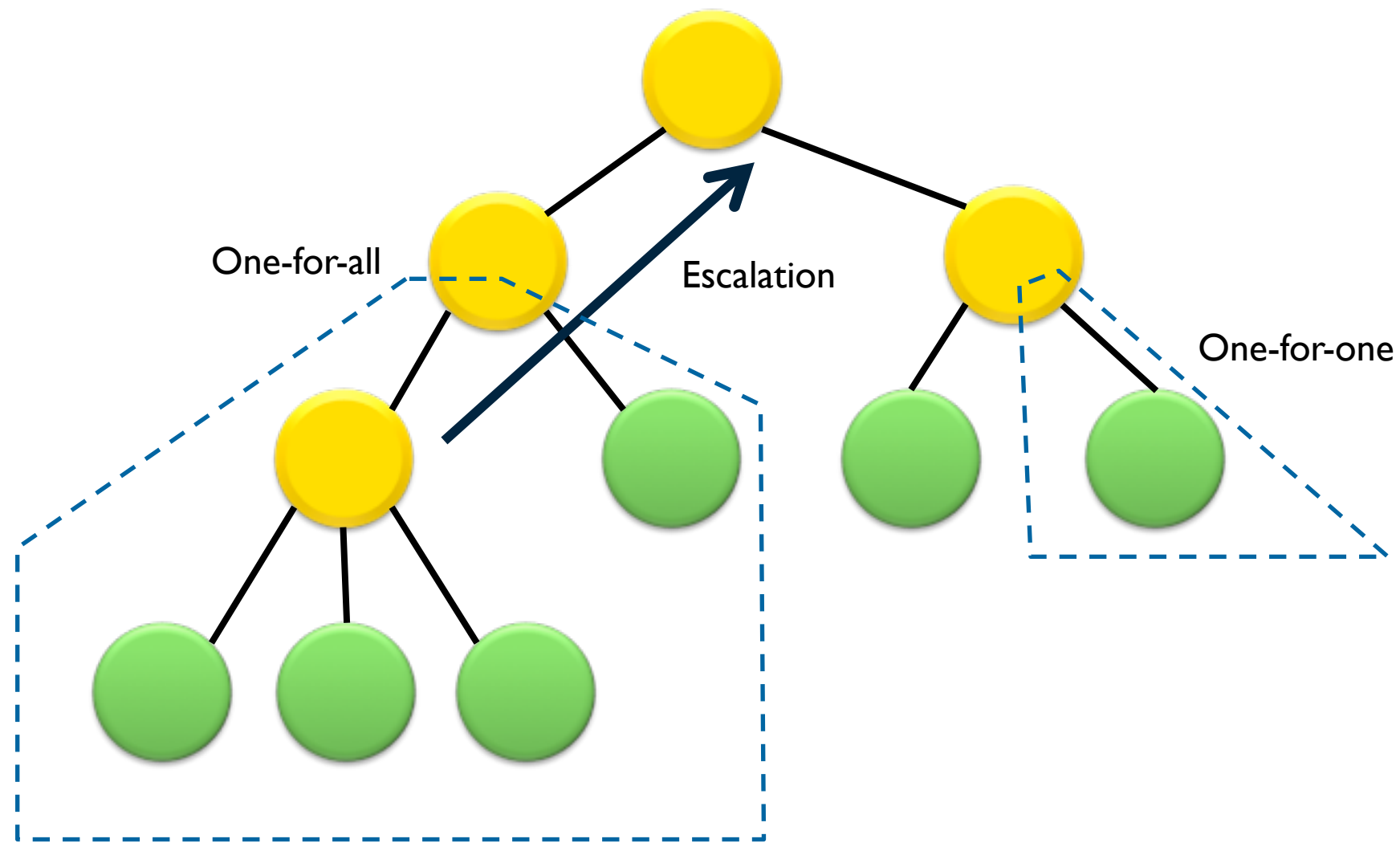
Client-server in Erlang



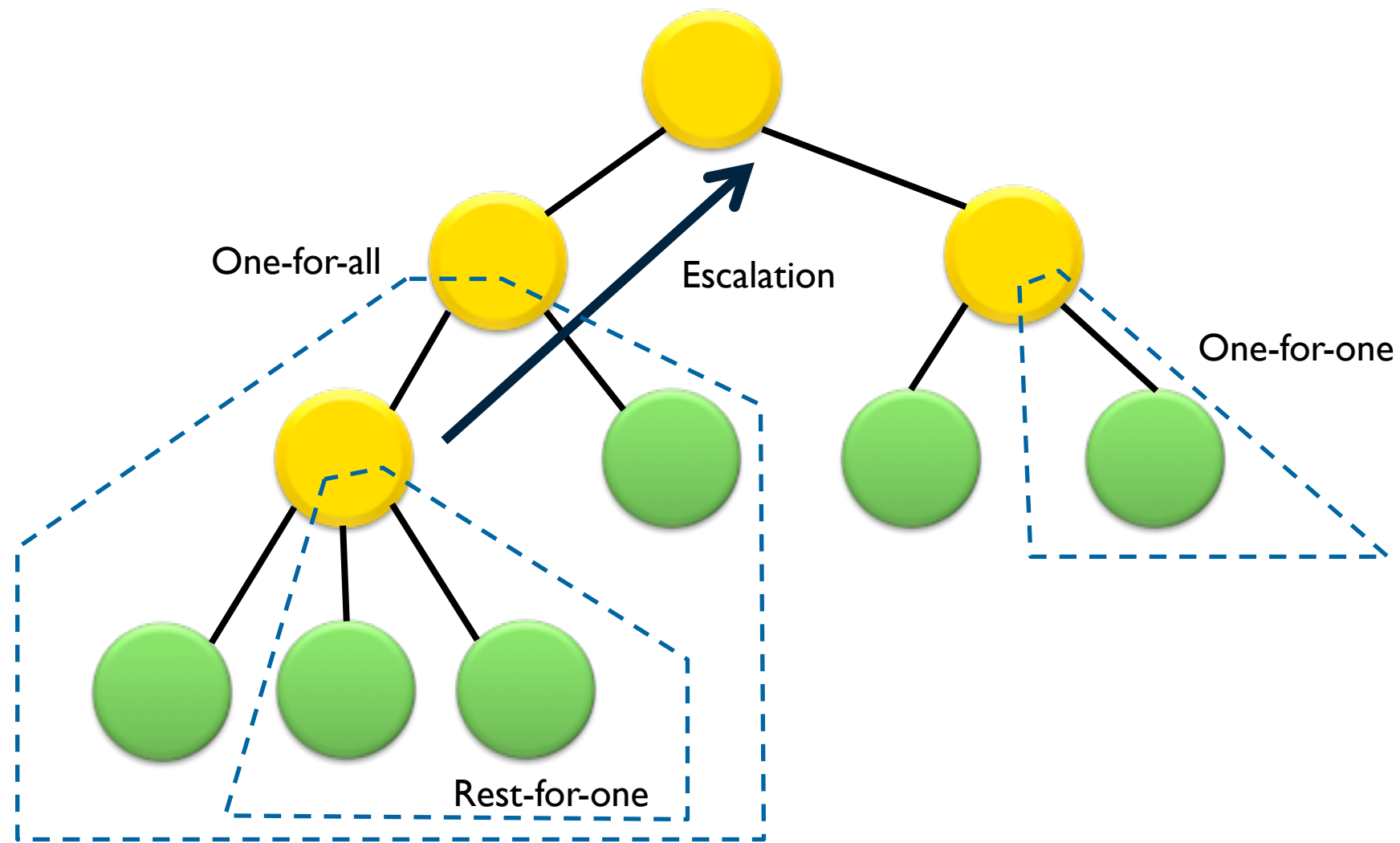
Supervisors – Out-of-Band Error Handling



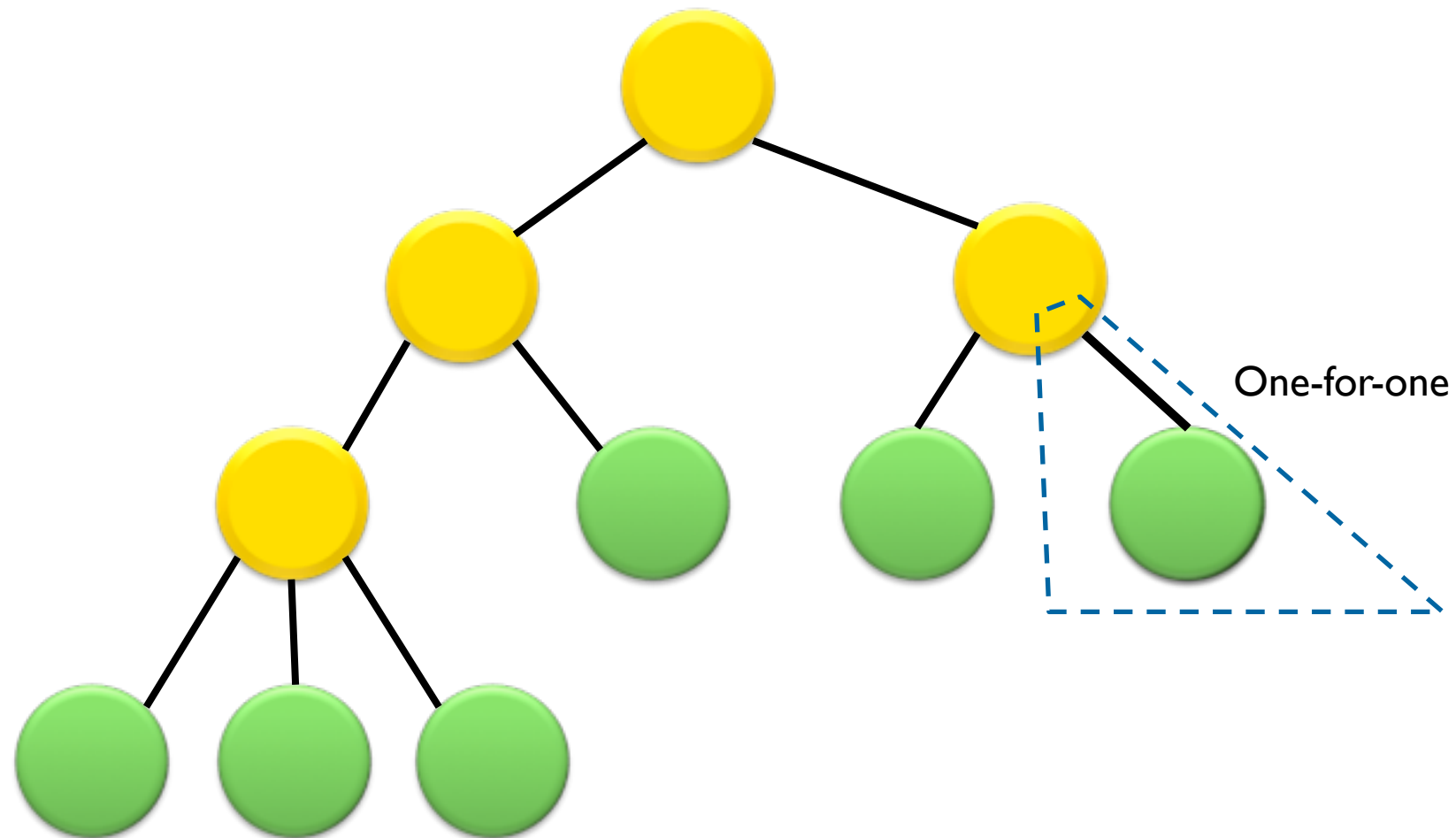
Supervisors – Out-of-Band Error Handling



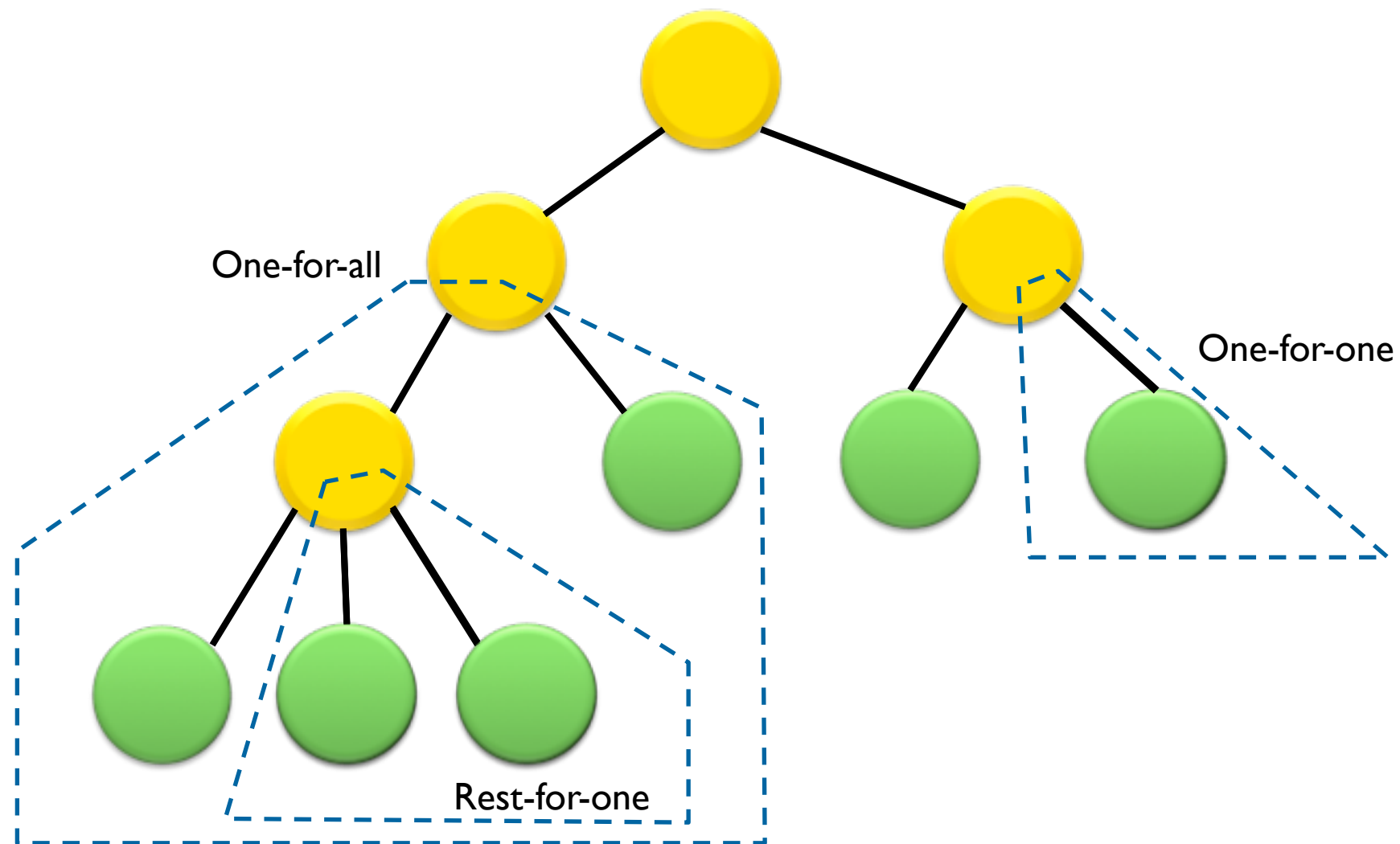
Supervisors – Out-of-Band Error Handling



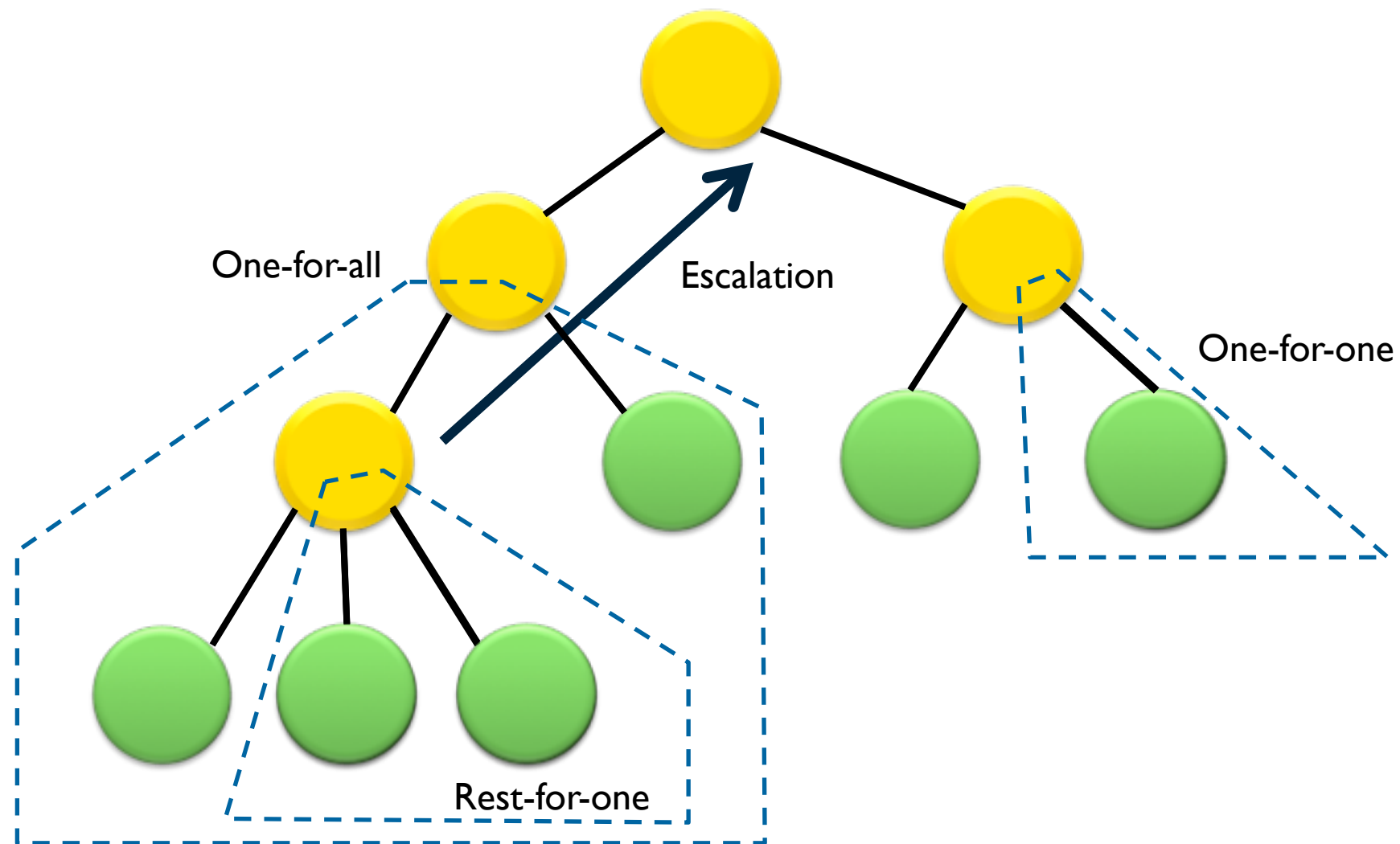
Supervisors – Out-of-Band Error Handling



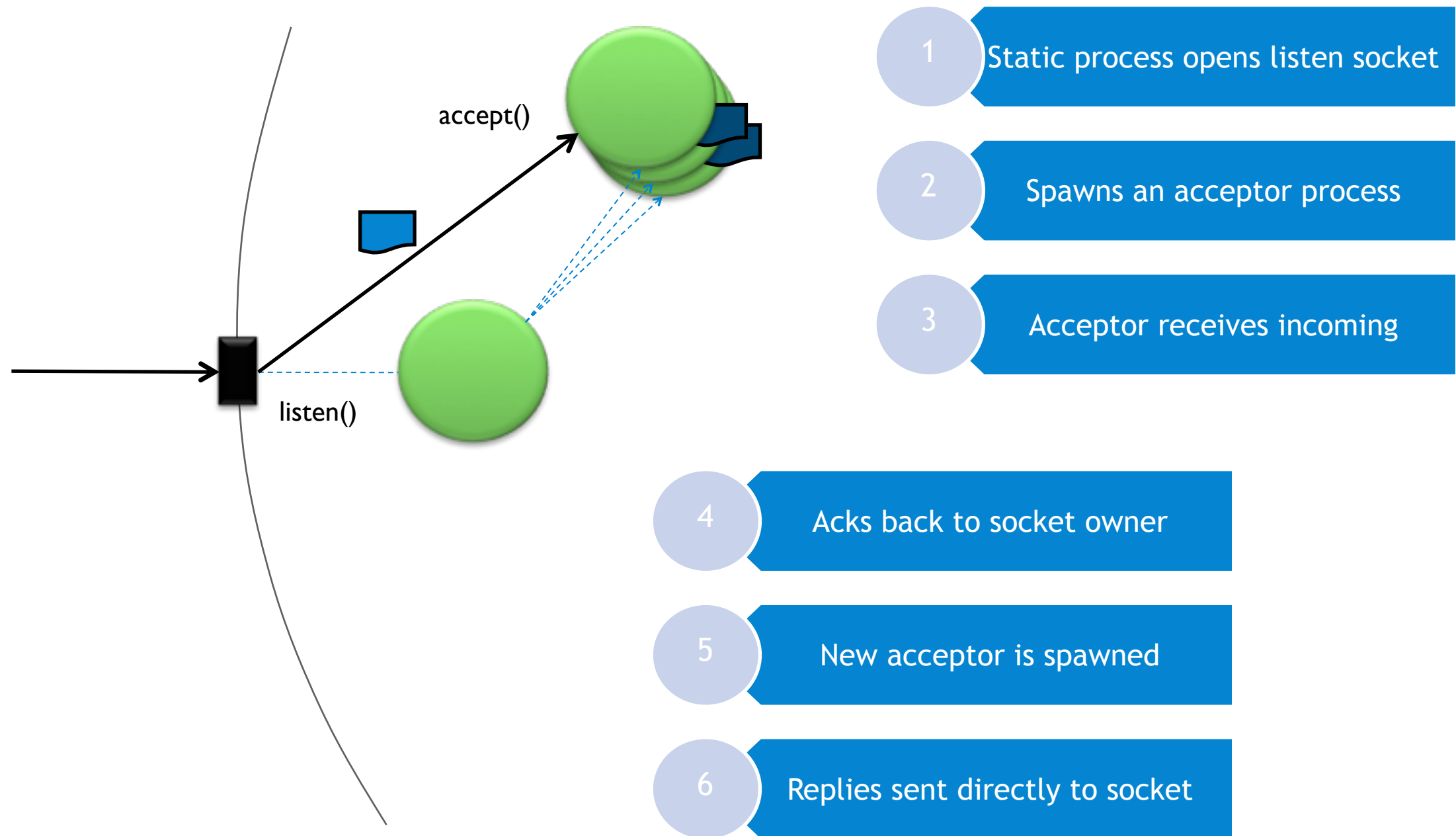
Supervisors – Out-of-Band Error Handling



Supervisors – Out-of-Band Error Handling



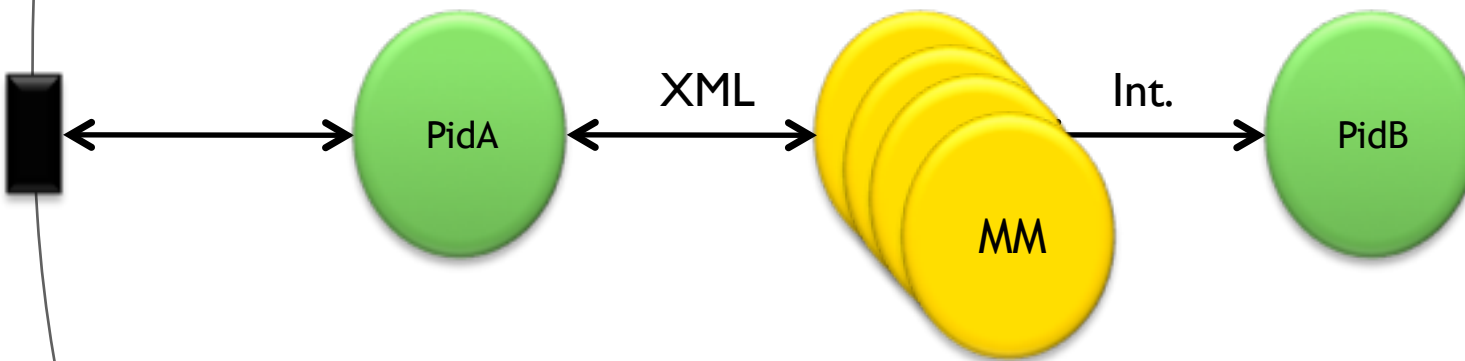
Handling sockets in Erlang



Middle-man Processes

```
spawn_link(PidA, PidB) ->  
  spawn_link(fun() ->  
    loop(#state{a_pid= PidA,  
               b_pid = PidB})  
    end).
```

```
await_negotiation(State) ->  
  receive  
    {From,  
     {simple_xml,  
      [{"offer", Attrs, Content}]}} ->  
      HisOffer =  
        inspect_offer(Attrs, Content),  
      Offer = calc_offer(HisOffer, State),  
      From ! {self(), Offer};  
    ...  
  end.
```

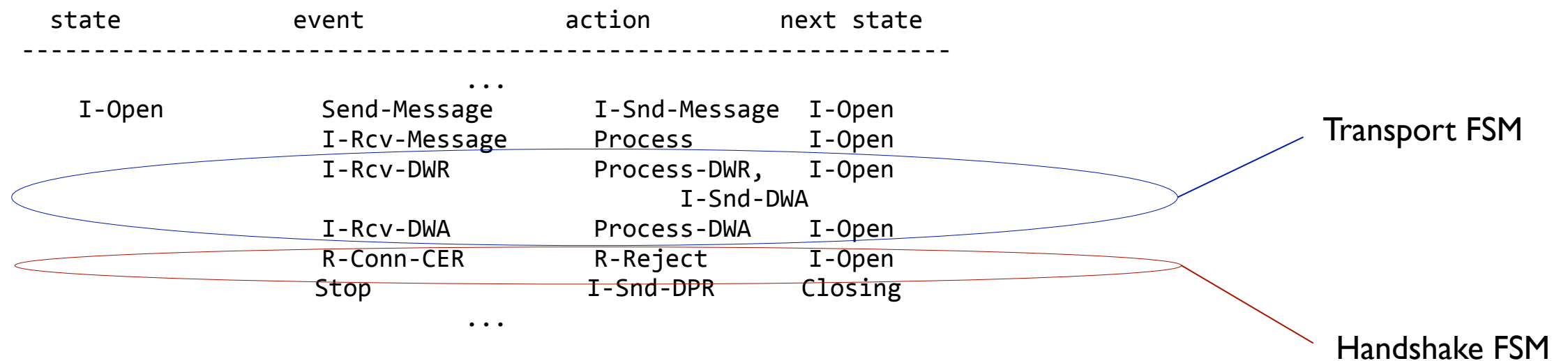


```
loop(#state{a_pid = PidA, b_pid = PidB} = State) ->  
  receive  
    {PidA, MsgBin} when is_binary(MsgBin) ->  
      {simple_xml, _} = Msg = vccXml:simple_xml(MsgBin),  
      PidB ! {self(), Msg},  
      loop(State);  
    {PidB, {simple_xml, _} = Msg} ->  
      Bin = vccXml:to_XML(Msg),  
      PidA ! {self(), Bin},  
      loop(State)  
  end.
```

- Practical because of light-weight concurrency
- Normalizes messages
- Main process can pattern-match on messages
- Keeps the main logic clear

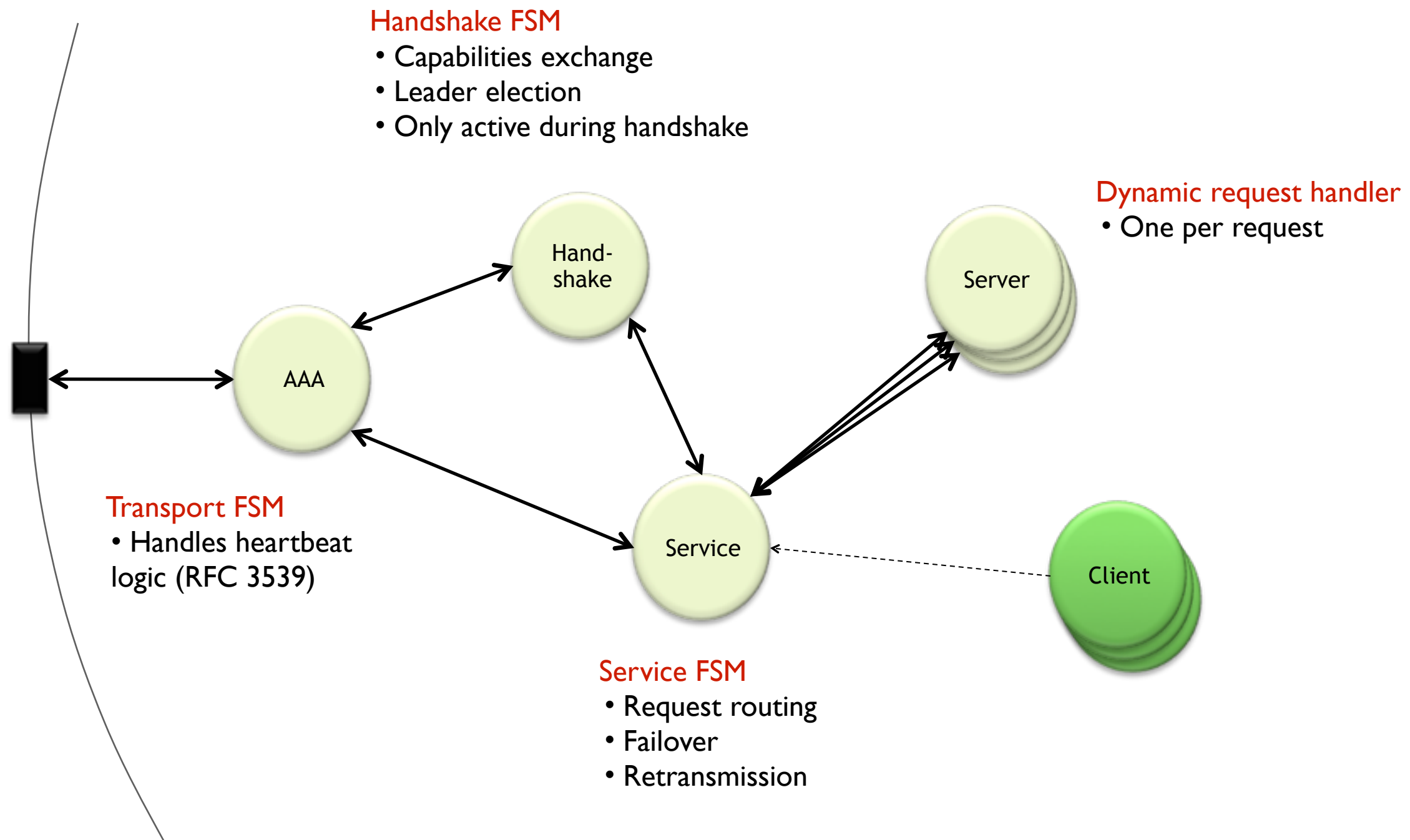
Language Model Affects our Thinking

Example: RFC 3588 – DIAMETER Base Protocol



- Three state machines described as one
- Implies a single-threaded event loop
- Introduces accidental complexity

Use processes to separate concerns



Ericsson – The Mythical Project

- I joined Ericsson 1996 to work with Erlang
- A very large project had just been canceled
 - A well-publicized failure
- Distributed real-time, fault-tolerant complex systems in C++



Why did it crash?

- No obvious single culprit
- Obviously, the size of the project was a problem
 - But why so large?
- OO mania, featuritis, hubris?
- My thought: failure to contain the problem

AXD301 – The Pickup Project

- 200 people put into one building
- Mission: Build a product within 2 years
 - Something in the ATM domain with Telecom Characteristics
- Much leeway was given
- Erlang/OTP chosen as key implementation technology
- Result: A product was delivered in 2 years
 - Eventually returned Wireline Division to profit



Pragmatic thinking

- Shell shocked from previous project
- Fall back on what's known to work
- Straight and simple took us pretty far
 - Up to $16 \times 16 = 256$ interconnected boards
 - Up to 32 control plane processors
 - Up to 500k simultaneous phone calls
 - $> 99.999\%$ consistent uptime
 - (including maintenance & upgrades)



Outsiders about Erlang

- Non-programmers in our projects liked Erlang
- They understood the abstractions and design patterns



Abstractions for non-determinism

- We were building complex distributed message-passing systems
- **Key challenge: contain the non-determinism!**
- Prevent explosion of the state-event matrix
- This had been identified by Ericsson already in the late 70s...



Some similar projects

- In one (mature) UML/C++ project, 10% of all bugs were related to unexpected order of events
- Inadequate methods for abstracting away accidental ordering



Programs modeling "human protocols"

- Must have their own thread of control
- Communicate with messages
- A sense of time
- Adapt to changes/problems
- Control order of input processing



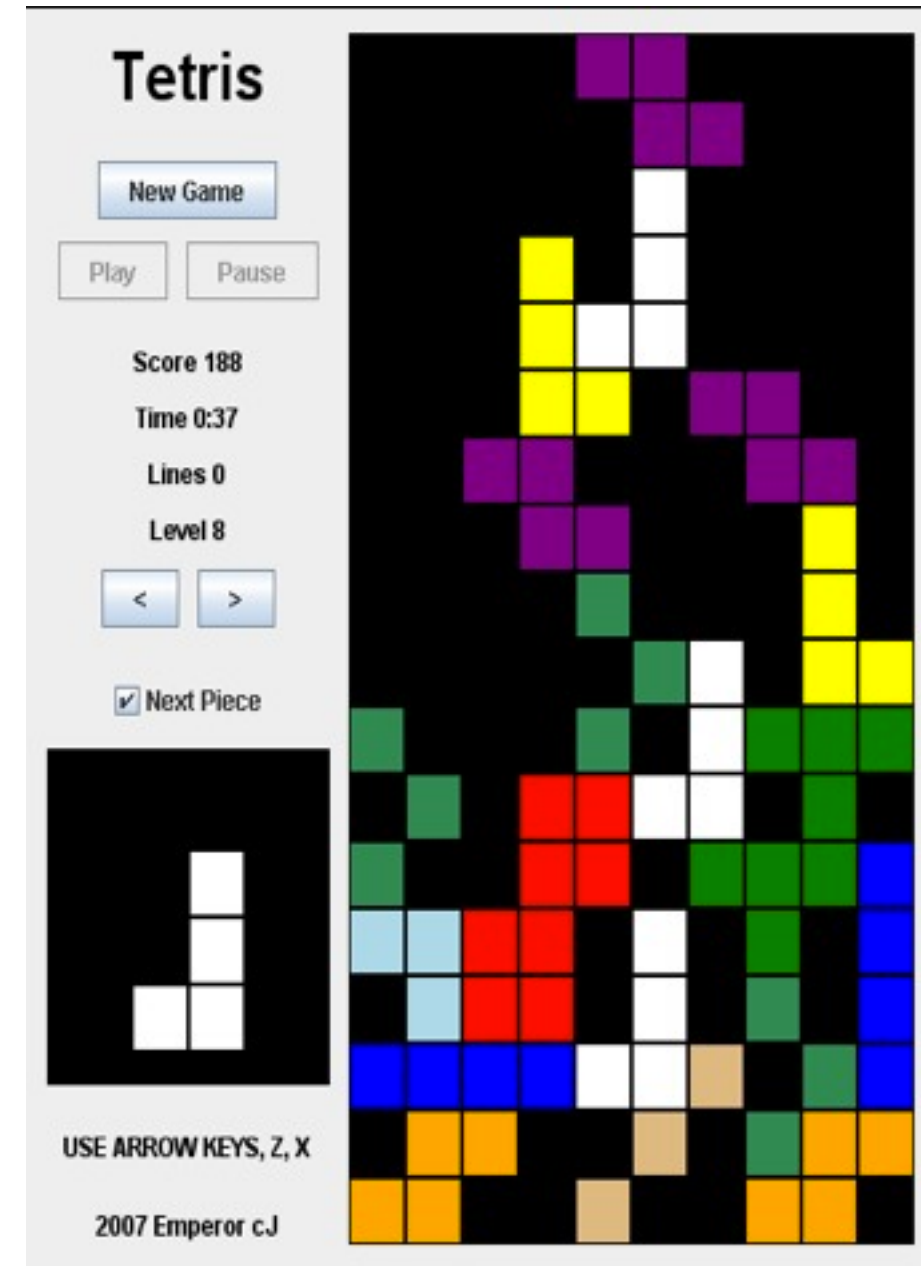
Tetris Management

- The age-old classic has coined a new time management method
- The idea: learn how to keep the pile small



Tetris Management

- Used in a derogatory sense at a major software development project
- As in "reactive management without a plan"
- Basically, don't let your project become a tetris game



A different kind of puzzle

- What if your problem more resembles this?
- Would you attack this problem with a tetris approach?

<http://www.worldslargestpuzzle.com/hof-008.html>



Event Handling Strategies



- Twist and place the next piece — before it lands
- In cheat mode, you get to peek at the next one
- Otherwise, hope for the best
- Search for a specific piece
- Put away pieces that don't fit
- Keep at it until fitting piece found

Event Handling in Software



- FIFO, run-to-completion event handling
- Not allowed to block
- Fine, as long as the pieces fit
- Blocking, selective receive
- Wait, until the next *desired* piece arrives
- Ignore unknown pieces

(Movie Tip)

- Memento (2000)
- Human FIFO, run-to-completion event handling
- Storing context for future reference



Memento (2000) <http://www.imdb.com/title/tt0209144/>

In conclusion

- Our mental models greatly influence how we attack software problems
- Our real-life experience is full of useful patterns for concurrency
- Actor-style programming is a pretty good fit for modeling such patterns



Wall-E (2008) <http://www.imdb.com/title/tt0910970/>

Questions?



© 1999-2011 Erlang Solutions Ltd.