

MAKING YOUR APPLICATION CLOUD READY

Michael Friis
AppHarbor

Michael Friis
@friism

Co-founder of AppHarbor (@appharbor)

.NET Platform as a Service

San Francisco | Copenhagen

(we're hiring)

What are we going to cover?

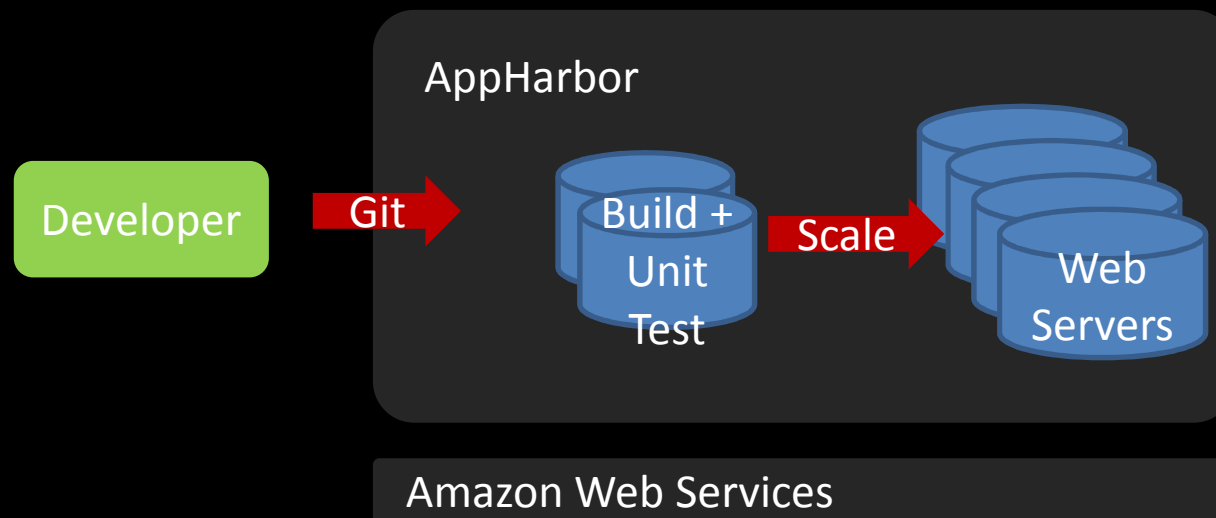
- Obstacles to scaling
- Make the move to the cloud an easy one

What do we know?

- AppHarbor is a .NET platform as a service (running on top of AWS EC2)
- We're like Heroku, but for .NET
- 8500 developers are running around 4000 .NET applications on our platform
- Some of them need help getting applications to run and scale
- AppHarbor runs on AppHarbor

An Aside on Deployment

- I'm using Git to deploy to AppHarbor
- There are plenty other options
- Or you can roll your own
- (I think you should use AppHarbor)



Demo

Get example running

And see what happens if we scale it...

What's wrong with applications people deploy on AppHarbor?

- They rely on instance file systems
 - Hard to sync between multiple instances
 - Data disappears if instance fails (and they do)
- Application state is not shared
 - (e.g. .NET session state stored in memory)
 - User state is stored in instance memory
- Unmanaged dependencies

Bad Mental Model

Big honkin' web server

HTTP

File Storage (including SQL Server CE, etc.)

In-memory Session Storage

Email

Running .exe's, etc.

Bad Mental Model

Big honkin' web server

HTTP

File Storage (including SQL Server
CE, etc.)

In-memory Session Storage

Email

Running .exe's, etc.

Big honkin' web server

HTTP

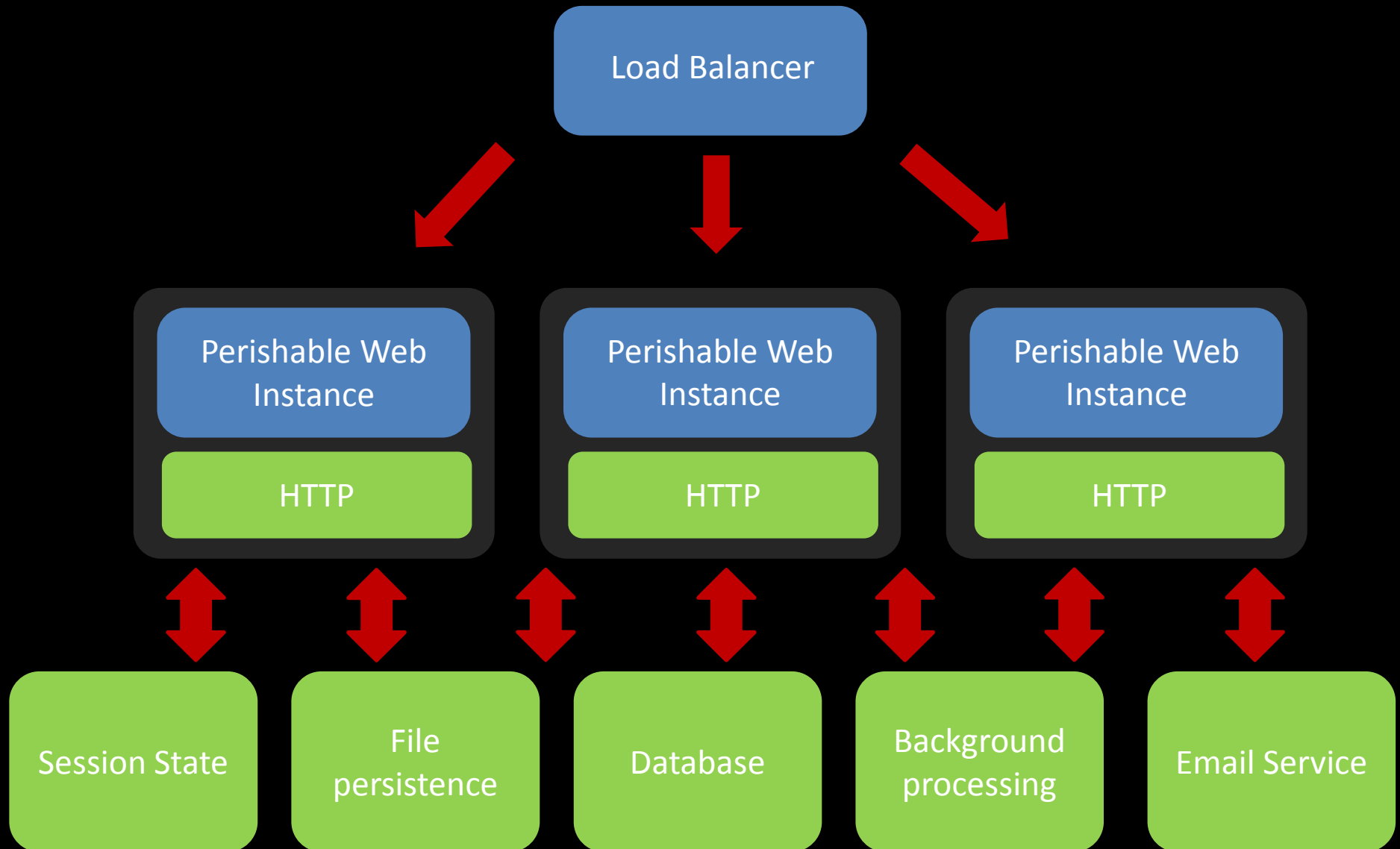
File Storage (including SQL Server
CE, etc.)

In-memory Session Storage

Email

Running .exe's, etc.

A better model for cloud-hosted apps



Demo

Change from local file system to S3

Use email service

What else?

- Session state and cache: On ASP.NET, use memcached-backed provider
- Always use off-instance, shared databases
- Take advantage of all the great 3rd party services in the cloud

Easing deployment

- Application should be self-contained
 - Do not expect infrastructure to provide dependencies

Easing deployment 2

- Application should be self-configuring
 - No possibility of human mistakes in setup
 - No time wasted changing configuration strings etc.
 - Data schema management should be automated
- Project should be self-testing

Lessons

- There are good alternatives to managing own infrastructure
- Get the mental model right for scaling and failure
- Organize your application for the cloud
- Take advantage of all the great services

Questions?

<http://appharbor.com/>

@appharbor

San Francisco | Copenhagen